

Name: _____

Charges and Coulomb's Law

1. A metal sphere has a net negative charge of 1.1×10^{-6} coulomb. Approximately how many more electrons than protons are on the sphere?

- a) ☐ 5.7×10^{12} b) ☐ 9.9×10^{12} c) ☐ 6.9×10^{12} d) ☐ 1.8×10^{12}

2. What is the net static electric charge on a metal sphere having an excess of +3 elementary charges?

- a) ☐ 4.8×10^{19} C b) ☐ 3.0×10^0 C c) ☐ 4.8×10^{-19} C d) ☐ 1.6×10^{-19} C

3. A sphere has a net excess charge of -4.8×10^{-19} coulomb. The sphere must have an excess of

- a) ☐ 3 electrons b) ☐ 1 proton c) ☐ 3 protons d) ☐ 1 electron

4. An object can not have a charge of

- a) ☐ 8.0×10^{-19} C b) ☐ 4.5×10^{-19} C c) ☐ 9.6×10^{-19} C d) ☐ 3.2×10^{-19} C

5. If a small sphere possesses an excess of 5 electrons, the net charge on the sphere is

- a) ☐ -3.2×10^{20} C b) ☐ -8.0×10^{19} C c) ☐ -8.0×10^{-19} C d) ☐ -3.2×10^{-20} C

6) Calculate the electrostatic force between an electron and a proton a distance of 2.0×10^{-6} m apart.

7) A charge of 3.0×10^{-6} C is located a distance of 1.0×10^{-4} m from a second charge of 2.0×10^{-5} C. What is the magnitude of the electric force?

8) Find the force between a charge of $+4.0 \times 10^{-7}$ C and a charge of -5.0×10^{-7} C when they are a distance of 1.5×10^{-3} m apart.